

Tab 14 Guidelines for Prioritizing Public Higher Education Capital Improvement Funding Requests

Coordinating Board for Higher Education March 4, 2020

BACKGROUND

The Coordinating Board for Higher Education (CBHE) has the statutory responsibility to recommend funding for higher education facilities at Missouri's community colleges, State Technical College of Missouri, and public universities. It is the Department of Higher Education and Workforce Development's practice to rank the top capital improvement projects identified by each institution for the CBHE's consideration. This process is based on the "Guidelines for Selecting Priorities for Capital Improvement Projects and the Higher Education Capital Fund" established by the CBHE. If the CBHE approves the ranked list of projects, the department submits the ranked list with program descriptions and dollars amounts to the Governor and General Assembly for consideration. The most recent guidelines are provided as Attachment A.

GUIDELINE REVISION PROCESS

During the September 2019 CBHE meeting, the CBHE asked department staff to review the guidelines and determine whether they need to be revised. As part of this process, department staff surveyed public institution presidents/chancellors, chief financial officers, facility directors, and General Assembly staff members on the guidelines and ranking process. The results of that survey were provided during the December 2019 CBHE meeting and are included as Attachment B for reference. Department staff have revised the guidelines based on the survey results and other conversations listed below.

PROPOSED REVISIONS

Attached are three items reflecting the department's recommended changes to the current guidelines. Attachment C shows the changes to the current guidelines. Attachment D is a clean version of the proposed new guidelines. Substantive changes include:

- The board's practice of considering significant renovations above and beyond ordinary maintenance and repair is included. This change simply aligns the policy with current practice.
- The board will provide the Governor and General Assembly with two separate lists: One for renovation
 of existing space and one for new construction. As factor 2 indicates, renovation of existing space will
 generally be considered a higher priority than new construction. This change is consistent with survey
 responses.
- Department staff will score each institution's top priority in both categories. This change is consistent with survey responses.
- Requests for funding to renovate space should generally not exceed 10 percent of the institution's core
 operating appropriation. This recommended change requires discussion.
- Workforce needs will be considered. This change is consistent with survey responses.
- Renovations that improve ADA compliance are listed as a consideration in factor 2 rather than as a standalone factor. This change is consistent with narrative responses to the survey.
- Renovations that result in utility savings will be prioritized. This change is based on board conversation.
- The board will consider recommending funds for construction before funds for planning when an
 institution demonstrates that it has already completed planning. This change is consistent with narrative
 responses to the survey.

NEXT STEPS

Department staff will discuss the proposed revisions at the March 3, 2020, work session and in the March 4, 2020, board meeting. Staff will seek feedback from institutions through March 18, 2020. The board will likely approve the final revised policy during its April 21, 2020, virtual meeting.

RECOMMENDATION

This is an information item only.

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Current Guidelines for Selecting Priorities for Capital Improvements Process
- B. Summary of Responses to Survey on Capital Priorities
- C. Proposed Revised Guidelines for Prioritizing Public Higher Education Capital Improvement Funding Requests (Marked Up Version)
- D. Proposed Revised Guidelines for Prioritizing Public Higher Education Capital Improvement Funding Requests (Clean Version)

Tab 14 Attachment A Current Guidelines for Selecting Priorities for Capital Improvements Process

I. BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT

The Coordinating Board for Higher Education has the statutory responsibility for recommending funding for higher education facilities at Missouri's community colleges, Linn State Technical College, and public four-year universities.

These guidelines for prioritizing capital project requests pertain only to major construction projects in the following categories established by the Office of Administration: Renovation and Rehabilitation; Corrective Construction; Energy Conservation; and New Construction, including planning funds for new construction. It is the current policy of the Coordinating Board that funding for routine maintenance and repair for all institutions should be included in the operating appropriations for the public institutions. Consequently, these guidelines anticipate that maintenance and repair will continue to be considered an on-going operational need that is appropriately addressed in the operating budget.

It is the policy of the Coordinating Board to submit a prioritized request to the Governor and General Assembly for the public four-year universities along with the state's technical college, and a separate prioritized request for public community colleges. This separation allows for proper consideration between the different types of institutions with widely varying needs.

II. FACTORS CONSIDERED IN PRIORITY RANKING

The CBHE goal of providing a coordinated, balanced, and cost-effective delivery system of higher education will provide overall guidance in analyzing existing facility space utilization and in making decisions regarding the need for additional or renovated facilities.

In addition, the following policy statements will be considered when establishing relative priorities for capital funding:

- 1. All proposed projects should be congruent with both the mission of the institution within the system of Missouri higher education and the respective mission implementation plans as reviewed by the Coordinating Board. Campus facility master plans should address this congruence within a five-year projection of facility requirements for the institution based on enrollment and program needs. The campus master plan, including enrollment trends and projections, will therefore serve as the reference point for documenting facility needs. A copy of the current campus master plan should be on file at the Coordinating Board Office.
- Corrective construction and renovation and rehabilitation should, in most instances, precede new
 construction projects in priority. An institutional decision to retain a facility constitutes an ongoing
 commitment to bring that facility up to a good condition and to maintain it. Modernization of classrooms and
 laboratories to incorporate appropriate technology should be an institutional and Coordinating Board
 priority.
- 3. The addition of new square feet typically requires an ongoing financial commitment for campus security, fuel and utilities, maintenance and repair, etc. Absent justification for additional space based on enrollment change, a direct relationship to an approved mission change or enhancement, and/or the identification of available operational and maintenance funding, an increase in any institution's total square footage should be avoided.
- 4. Projects providing program accessibility to buildings for individuals with physical disabilities shall have a high priority.
- 5. The overall condition of a facility must be considered when evaluating the appropriateness of renovation and the prioritization of capital projects. In some cases, facilities that are in the poorest condition may more properly be candidates for demolition. In other cases, a fiscally responsible deferred maintenance decision may be more appropriate than the development of a capital request. There are other considerations, like state and campus program priorities, that override the condition of a facility in determining renovation or new construction needs.

- 6. Planning funds should precede funds for new construction and should be requested independently. Planning funds should be used to study several alternatives to address programmatic needs. A project which has received a prior recommendation and appropriation for planning funds will be reviewed again when construction funds are requested for the project.
- 7. Facilities maintained as auxiliary enterprises including, for example, student housing, parking facilities, and facilities related to intercollegiate athletics are considered to be the responsibility of the institution. State funding for construction of facilities serving a dual role involving auxiliary functions and educational and general purposes should be limited to the documented percentage of the facility serving educational and general purposes.

Tab 14 Attachment B Summary of Responses to Survey on Capital Priorities

Survey Demographics:

Of the 116 stakeholders invited to provide feedback on the capital improvement process, 40 (34%) participated. Participants represented public institution presidents/chancellors, chief financial officers, and facility directors and general assembly representatives. The breakdown is as follows:

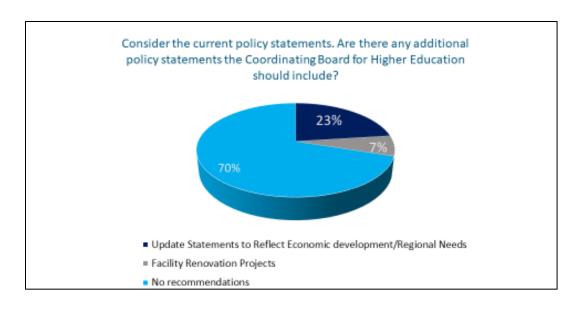
- Representation
 - o 13 CFOs
 - 13 institution presidents/chancellors
 - 9 facilities directors
 - o 3 General Assembly staff
 - o 2 other
- Public Sector Institution Participation Breakdown
 - o 16 community college or state technical college
 - o 20 public universities

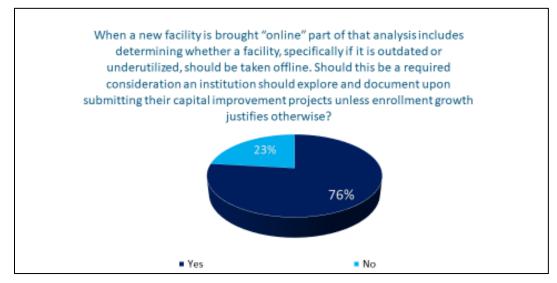
Survey Summary:

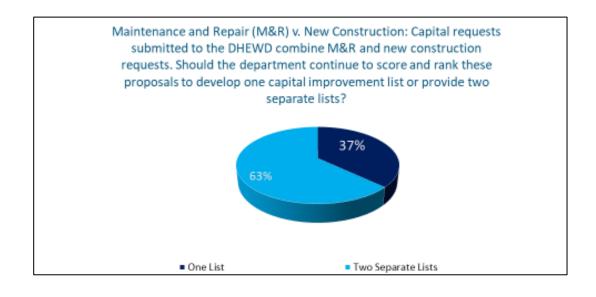
Survey participants were asked to provide feedback on the current capital improvement policy statements, including whether the statements appropriately represent the needs of institutions. Though the degree in which respondents agreed with the policy statement varied, 85% of respondents supported keeping the current statements with modifications; these modifications include providing more focus on repair and renovation needs across institutions and adding consideration for workforce demands and needs.

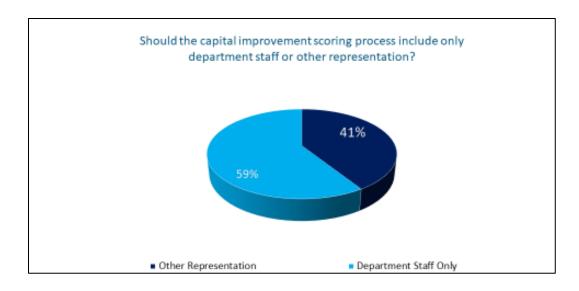
Other Capital Improvement Considerations:

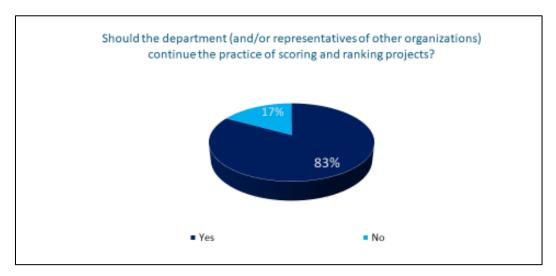
Below are survey questions presented to survey participants and percentage breakdown of the responses. To note, on the question, "Are there any additional policy statement the Coordinating Board for Higher Education should include," responses were grouped into three categories.

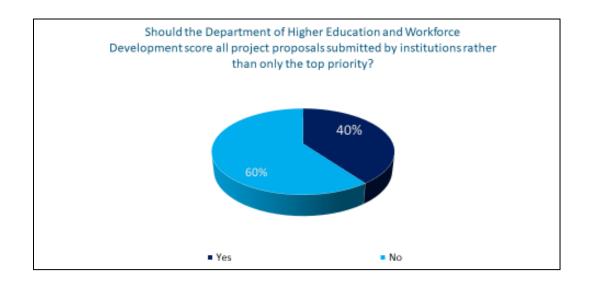


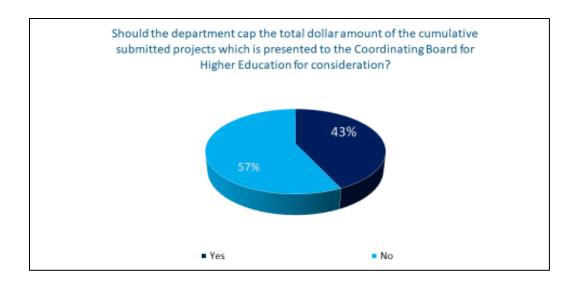


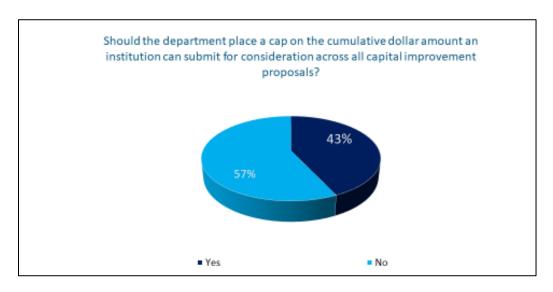












Tab 143 Attachment C

Proposed Revised Guidelines for Prioritizing Public Higher Education Capital Improvement Funding Requests (Marked Up Version)

I. BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT

The Coordinating Board for Higher Education has the statutory responsibility for recommending funding for higher education facilities at Missouri's community colleges, <u>Linn</u>-State Technical College <u>of Missouri</u>, and public four-year universities.

These guidelines for prioritizing capital project requests pertain only to major construction projects in the following categories established by the Office of Administration: Renovation and Rehabilitation, Corrective Construction, Energy Conservation, and New Construction, including planning funds for new construction. It is the current policy of the Coordinating Board that funding for routine maintenance and repair for all institutions should be included in the operating appropriations for the public institutions. Consequently, these guidelines anticipate that maintenance and repair will continue to be considered an ongoing operational need that is appropriately addressed in the operating budget; the board will, however, consider renovations to existing buildings and infrastructure that are beyond the scope of routine maintenance and repair projects.

It is the policy of the Coordinating Board to submit a-two prioritized requests to the Governor and General Assembly for all public higher education institution capital improvement requests: One that includes renovation of existing space and one that includes new construction. Each institution's top priority in each category will be considered. Requests for funding to renovate space should generally not exceed 10 percent of the institution's core operating appropriation. The prioritized lists may also include projects designated as meeting the criteria for the Higher Education Capital Fund if such a project is an institution's top capital improvement priority. The rubric that will be used to score the requests will be released with budget instructions every year, the public four year universities along with the state's technical college, and a separate prioritized request for public community colleges. This separation allows for proper consideration between the different types of institutions with widely varying needs.

II. FACTORS CONSIDERED IN PRIORITY RANKING

The CBHE goal of providing a coordinated, balanced, and cost-effective delivery system of higher education will provide overall guidance in analyzing existing facility space utilization and in making decisions regarding the need for additional or renovated facilities.

In addition, the following policy statements will be considered when establishing relative priorities for capital funding:

- 1. All proposed projects should be congruent with both the mission of the institution within the system of Missouri higher education and the respective mission implementation plans as reviewed by the Coordinating Board. Campus facility master plans should address this congruence within a five-year projection of facility requirements for the institution based on enrollment and program needs, as well as the institution's plans to meet the workforce needs of the geographic area served by the institution independently and/or in collaboration with other institutions. The campus master plan, including enrollment trends and projections, will therefore serve as the reference point for documenting facility needs. A copy of the current campus master plan should be on file at the Coordinating Board Office.
- 2. Corrective construction and renovation and rehabilitation should, in most instances, precede new construction projects in priority. An institutional decision to retain a facility constitutes an ongoing commitment to bring that facility up to a good condition and to maintain it in compliance with codes and laws including the Americans with Disabilities Act. Modernization of classrooms and laboratories to incorporate appropriate technology and improvements that result in utility savings should be an institutional and Coordinating Board priority.
- 3. The addition of new square feet typically requires an ongoing financial commitment for campus security, fuel and utilities, maintenance and repair, etc. Absent justification for additional space based on enrollment change, a direct relationship to an approved mission change or enhancement, and/or the identification of available operational and maintenance funding, an increase in any institution's total square footage should be avoided.

- 4. Projects providing program accessibility to buildings for individuals with physical disabilities shall have a high priority.
- 5.4. The overall condition of a facility must be considered when evaluating the appropriateness of renovation and the prioritization of capital projects. In some cases, facilities that are in the poorest condition may more properly be candidates for demolition. In other cases, a fiscally responsible deferred maintenance decision may be more appropriate than the development of a capital request. There are other considerations, like state and campus program priorities, that may override the condition of a facility in determining renovation or new construction needs.
- 6.5. Planning funds should generally precede funds for new construction and should be requested independently. Planning funds should be used to study several alternatives to address programmatic needs. A project which has received a prior recommendation and appropriation for planning funds will be reviewed again when construction funds are requested for the project. Construction funds may be requested before planning funds when an institution provides documentation that planning has already taken place.
- 7.6. Facilities maintained as auxiliary enterprises including, for example, student housing, parking facilities, and facilities related to intercollegiate athletics are considered to be the responsibility of the institution. State funding for construction of facilities serving a dual role involving auxiliary functions and educational and general purposes should be limited to the documented percentage of the facility serving educational and general purposes.

Tab 14 Attachment D

Proposed Revised Guidelines for Prioritizing Public Higher Education Capital Improvement Funding Requests (Clean Version)

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